



**Ballentine
Associates, P.A.**

Fire Flow Analysis

For

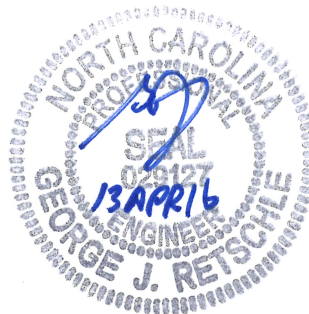
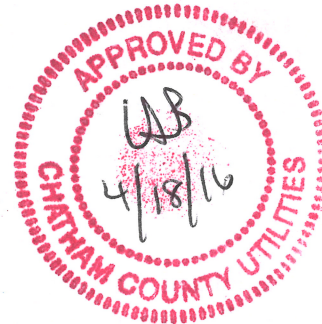
**Brookside at Fieldstone
Chatham County, North Carolina**

(PIN: 9766-20-6324)

Prepared by:

Ballentine Associates, P.A.
Consulting Engineers
221 Providence Road
Chapel Hill, NC 27514
(919) 929-0481

BA Project # 113022.00



<u>Issue Dates</u>	<u>Description</u>
13 Apr 2016	Chatham County Public Utilities & Water Division

Project Overview:

Brookside at Fieldstone is a residential subdivision project including the extension of the existing Fieldstone Lane and water main to serve 13 new single family lots. The site is located to the east of the existing Fieldstone neighborhood, which is off of Mann's Chapel Road.

The water main project will include an approximately 1,700 linear feet extension of the existing 8-inch ductile iron water main extension, as shown on the attached Utility Plan prepared by Ballentine Associates. There will be four new 6-inch fire hydrant services and thirteen domestic water meters; one for each new lot. The 8-inch water main will terminate at the southern end of the new culdesac with a 2" blow-off assembly as per Chatham County standards and specifications.

Hydrant Flow Test:

A hydrant flow test was performed by Chatham County Public Utilities & Water Division personnel, utilizing two existing hydrants: the gauge hydrant near the entrance to the Fieldstone neighborhood, and the flow hydrant near the Fieldstone Lane culdesac. Refer to the attached hydrant flow test report and map for additional information.

Water Demands & Fire Flow Requirements:

The cumulative peak domestic demand for the fully developed 13 lots has been calculated to be 200 gpm, irrigation peak demand has been estimated to be 120 gpm, and the minimum fire flow required for a fire hydrant is 500 gpm per Chatham County & NCDEQ requirements. The total required flow for the new water system has been calculated to be 820 gpm. Refer to the attached calculations for additional information.

Analysis:

A spreadsheet based on the Hazen-Williams formula was used to calculate the head losses that will occur between the test flow hydrant location and the proposed hydrants on site. The spreadsheet accounts for pressure loss due to static losses and friction, and minor losses in the proposed piping. Separate scenarios were evaluated to determine the "worst case" calculation of pressure loss through the system from the test hydrant to each of the proposed new hydrants.

A total flow of 820 gpm (500 gpm fire flow + 320 gpm domestic/irrigation) was assumed in all scenarios. Hydrant #2 was determined to be the "worst case" scenario based on the pressure loss at the node (See attached Utility Plan for the Hydrant #2 node location.) 820 gpm @ 51 psi was determined to be available at Hydrant #2.

Results/Conclusions:

The attached calculations provided at each node (proposed new hydrants) confirm that peak domestic demand and required fire flow can be met for this project with the worst case scenario being at hydrant #2 where 820 gpm will be available at 51 psi.

Appendix:

- Hydrant Flow Test Report & Map (provided by Chatham County)
- Utility Plan (11"x17") showing proposed water system.
- Fire Flow Q20 Calculation
- Fire Flow Calculations
- System Performance Curve
- Equivalent Pipe Length Tables



Chatham County Public Utilities & Water Division

FIRE FLOW TEST DATA

964 East Street, Suite 205, Pittsboro, NC 27312

Phone: 919-542-8270 Fax: 919-542-8282



Project: Brookside at Fieldstone

Address: _____

Location of Hydrants : Intersection of Manns Chapel Rd./Fieldstone Ln. (test hydrant), End of Fieldstone Ln. (flow hydrant)

Test No.	Location of Hydrants	Time			C	Dia. (in.)	Residual Hydrant		Flow Hydrant			
		Date	Time	Day			Static (psi)	Residual (psi)	Static (psi)	Pitot (psi)	Observed (gpm)	Calculated (gpm) at 20 psi
1	Along Fieldstone Ln.	3/18/2016	1:15 PM	Fri.	0.90	2.50	74	54	70	25	839	1,434

The formula used to compute the discharge Q in gpm for these measurements is:

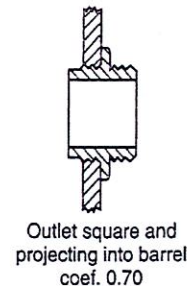
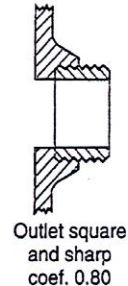
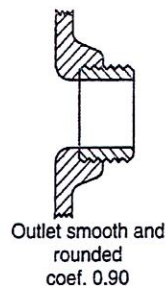
$$Q = 29.83cd^2(p)^{1/2}$$

c = is the coefficient of discharge

d = is the diameter of the outlet in inches

p = is the velocity pressure in psi

If stream straightners are being utilized, a "c" of 0.95 is suggested unless the coefficient of the tube is known.



The formula which is generally used to compute the discharge at the specified residual pressure or for any desired pressure drop is:

$$Q_r = Q_f \times \frac{H_r^{0.54}}{H_f^{0.54}}$$

Q_r = is the flow available at desired pressure

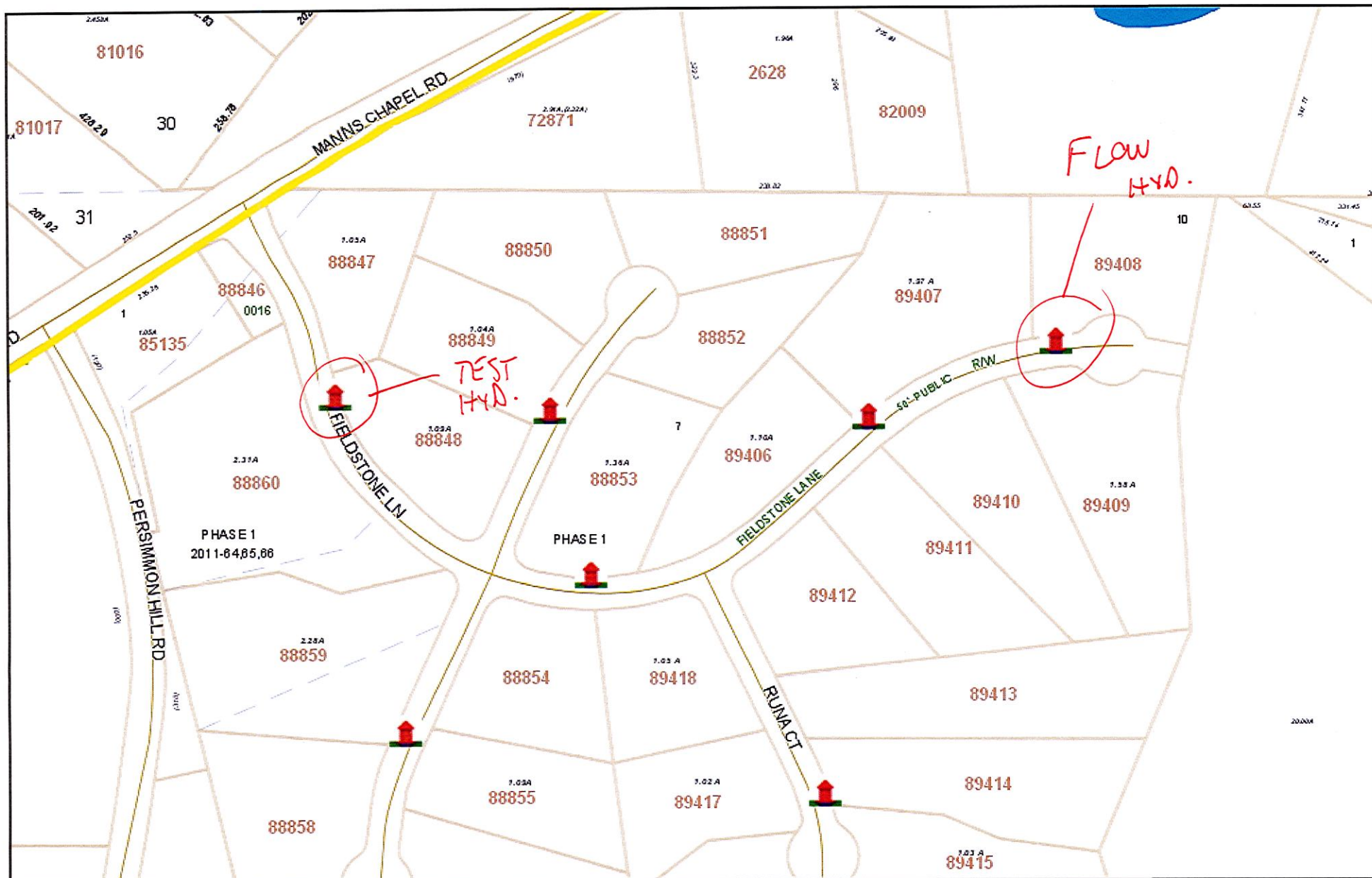
Q_f = is the flow during test

H_r = is the pressure drop to desired residual pressure

H_f = is the pressure drop during test

Larry Bridges
TESTING AND CALCULATIONS CHECKED
Larry Bridges, Public Utilities Director

3/21/16
DATE



CHATHAM COUNTY, NC



Property Map

Disclaimer:
The data provided on this map are prepared for the inventory of real property found within Chatham County, NC and are compiled from recorded plats, deeds, and other public records and data. This data is for informational purposes only and should not be substituted for a true title search, property appraisal, survey, or for zoning verification.



One Inch = 200 Feet

1/F
JANICE C. WALL
644 & 84339
PG 903
4-425
CONFIDENTIAL

NEW HYDRANT #1

NEW HYDRANT #2

NEW HYDRANT #3

NEW HYDRANT #4

FLOW
HYDRANT

LOT 11
SHERYL-MAR CO. LLC
AKPAR # 89409
D.B. 1588, PG. 877
P.B. 2012, PG 198
1.58 ACRES

LOT 12
ROBERT KEITH WALTERS JR.
ETUX ELIZABETH ONERVA MILLER
AKPAR # 89410
D.B. 1754, PG. 441
P.B. 2012, PG 198
1.46 ACRES

LOT 13
 SHERYL-MAR CO, LLC
 AKPAR # 89411
 D.B. 1588, PG. 877
 P.B. 2012, PG 198
 1.27 ACRES

LOT 15
 HORIZON CUSTOM
 BUILDERS. LLC
 AKPAR # 89413
 D.B. 1735, PG. 1
 P.B. 2012, PG 199
 1.46 ACRES

LOT 16
SHERYL-MAR CO LLC
AKPAR # 89414
D.B. 1588, PG. 877
P.B. 2012, PG 199
1.46 ACRES

L2-1-2
SHERYL-MAR CO LLC
AKPAR # 80775
D.B. 1588, PG. 877
P.B. 2003, PG. 258
PIN: 9766-20-6324.000
871,270 SQ.FT.
20.00 ACRES

EX. SHED

EX. (2) WELLS

© EX. WELL

DETAIL REFERENCE

A3 C1102	C3 C1102	# 1
A3 C1103	B3 C1103	# 2





























PLAN KEY NOTES

- 1 WATER MAIN PLAN & PROFILE - NORTH
- 2 WATER MAIN PLAN & PROFILE - SOUTH
- 3 STREET LIGHT

UTILITY PLAN NOTES

1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHATHAM COUNTY AND NDEQ REQUIREMENTS, STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
2. CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES (PRIVATE AND PUBLIC) AND NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES OR CONFLICTS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL EXISTING UTILITIES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
3. WATER UTILITIES:
 - 3.1. ALL WATER UTILITIES SHALL BE PER CHATHAM COUNTY PUBLIC WATER STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS.
 - 3.2. CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT PRODUCT DATA FOR WATER MAIN PIPES, FITTINGS AND APPURTENANCES.
 - 3.3. MINIMUM UTILITY VERTICAL SEPARATION DISTANCES:
STORM SEWER AND WATER = 18"
4. ELECTRICAL:
 - 4.1. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT ERVIN SUMMERS WITH DUKE ENERGY AT (336) 634-4633 TO COORDINATE ELECTRICAL SERVICE LINES.
 - 4.1.1. ELECTRICAL SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TRENCHING, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTING FOR ALL ELECTRICAL CONDUITS.
 - 4.1.2. ELECTRICAL SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE CONCRETE TRANSFORMER PAD(S) IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL REQUIREMENTS. ACTUAL PAD SIZE MAY VARY CONTINGENT ON FINAL TRANSFORMER SIZE SELECTED BY POWER COMPANY.
 - 4.1.3. ELECTRICAL SUBCONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE AND INSTALL SCH 40 PVC CONDUIT(S) UNDER ROADWAY AS NEEDED. MINIMUM DEPTH OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY CONDUITS/CABLING SHALL BE MIN. 30" OR AS REQUIRED BY POWER COMPANY, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.
5. GAS:
 - 5.1. GAS SERVICE TO BE DESIGNED, SIZED & INSTALLED BY GAS COMPANY. CONTACT WARREN DUNCAN WITH PSNC AT (919) 367-2715 FOR COORDINATION.
6. TELECOM:
 - 6.1. AT&T: SARAH BITTING - (919) 918-4132.

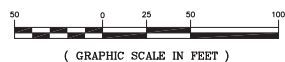
DRAWING LEGEND

SYMBOL/ABBREVIATION EXISTING	PROPOSED	DESCRIPTION
		FIRE HYDRANT
		WATER VALVE
		VALVE MARKER POST
		WATER METER
		UTILITY POLE
		STREET LIGHT
		WATER LINE
		GAS LINE
		STORM DRAIN PIPE
		OVERHEAD UTILITY LINE
		UNDERGROUND UTILITY CORRIDOR
		PROPERTY LINE
		RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE
		BENCH MARK

× 550.00



UTILITY PLAN



**REVIEW DRAWING
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION**

BALENTINE ASSOCIATES, P.A.
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ASSOCIATES, P.A. WILL BE SUBJECT TO LEGAL ACTION.

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OWNER INFORMATION
SHERYL—MAR CO. LLC.
87 NORWOOD ROAD
CHAPEL HILL, NC 27516

OWNERS REPRESENTATIVE:
JIM HODGIN
PH. 910-210-0920
FAX
EMAIL jimhodgin@hotmail.com

ISSUED	DATE
TO SHERYL-MAR	25 MAR 16
CHATHAM UTILITIES & NCDOT	12 APR 16

BROOKSIDE AT FIELDSTONE

CHATHAM COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS

JOB NUMBER: 113022.00
DATE: 25 MAR 2016
SCALE: AS NOTED
DRAWN BY: DBB
REVIEWED BY: GJR

SHEET
C1101

\\projects\113022.00 Fieldstone Phase 3\1_Dwg\EA-Model Files\C100-Utility-Fieldstone Ph3.dwg, 4/12/2016 7:55:06 PM, dwtddb

Fire Flow Q20 Calculation

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
Project Number: 113022.00
Client: Brookside at Fieldstone
Date: 11-Apr-2016



**Ballentine
Associates, P.A.**

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Hydrant Flow Test Data: (See attached Hydrant Flow Test Report.)

Flow Hydrant Location: Fieldstone Lane Culdesac
Gauge Hydrant Location: Near Entrance to Fieldstone Subd.

Static Conditions

Static Pressure = 74.00 psi
To convert to feet of static head: (x 144 sqin/sqft) / (62.4 lb/ft)
Static Head (S) = 170.77 ft
Static Flow = 0.00 gpm

Residual Conditions

Residual Pressure = 54.00 psi
To convert to feet of residual head: (x 144 sqin/sqft) / (62.4 lb/ft)
Residual Head (R) = 124.62 ft
Residual Flow (Qr) = 839.00 gpm

Baseline Conditions

Baseline Pressure = 20.00 psi
To convert to feet of baseline head: (x 144 sqin/sqft) / (62.4 lb/ft)
Baseline Head (R20) = 46.15 ft
Baseline Flow at 20 psi (Q20) = 1434.49 gpm
To determine Q20, solve for Hazen Williams Equation below.

Hazen Williams Equation

$$Q20 = Qr \times [((S - R20)^{.54}) / ((S - R)^{.54})]$$

Qr: 839.00 gpm
S: 170.77 ft
R20: 46.15 ft
R: 124.62 ft

Solving the above equation for Q20 using above data yields the following result.

Baseline Flow at 20 psi:

(Q20) = 1434.49 gpm

Fire Flow Analysis Calculations

4/13/2016

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
 Proj. Number: 113022.00
 Client: Sheryl-Mar LLC.
 Node: Hydrant #1



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Water System Data

Flow (gpm)	Pressure	
	(ft)	(psi)
0	170.9	74
839	124.7	54
1434.49	46.2	20

Static Pressure

Residual Pressure

Note: This is the calculated Q_{20} flow

MINIMUM FIRE FLOW at 20 psi

Per Chatham County/NCDEQ **500 gpm**

FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENT: 500 gpm
 DOMESTIC FLOW REQUIREMENT: 200 gpm approximately 15 gpm (75% of meter capacity) per lot
 IRRIGATION FLOW REQUIREMENT: 120 gpm 40 gpm/meter (assuming 3 lots in use at a time)

TOTAL FLOW FOR CALCULATIONS: 820 gpm

Head Losses in Pipe

Static Headloss

Static Head = Δ Elevation

Elevation of Pipe @ Test Flow Node (Ground Elev minus 3 ft) = 547 ft NGVD
 Nozzle Elevation @ New Fire Hydrant = 552 ft NGVD

Static Head (h_s) = 5 ft

Minor Losses (Equivalent Lengths)

PIPE SIZE 6-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	15	0	0
45° Elbow, flanged	4.5	0	0
Tee-through, flanged	3.1	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	2.6	2	5.2
SUM =			5

PIPE SIZE 16-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	39	0	0
45° Elbow, flanged	13	0	0
Tee-through, flanged	6.5	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	3	0	0
SUM =			0

PIPE SIZE 8-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	20	1	20
45° Elbow, flanged	6.3	2	12.6
Tee-through, flanged	3.9	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	2.7	1	2.7
SUM =			35.3

Fire Flow Analysis Calculations

4/13/2016

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
 Proj. Number: 113022.00
 Client: Sheryl-Mar LLC.
 Node: Hydrant #1



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Friction Loss				Total Headloss			
Hazen-Williams Formula		$h_f = L * \frac{(4.73 * Q_{gpm}^{1.85})}{(C^{1.85} * d^{4.87})}$		$H_{L(foot)} = h_s + h_f = 5.00 + 4.86$			
PIPE SIZE	6-in	8-in	16-in	$H_{L(foot)} = 10 \text{ ft}$			
Pipe Length	24	370 ft	0	$H_{L(psi)} = h_{L(foot)} / (144 \text{ sq inches/SF}) * (62.4 \text{ lb/ft})$			
Equiv Length	5	35.3	0	$H_{L(psi)} = 10 / (144 \text{ si/SF}) * (62.4 \text{ lb/ft})$			
total	29.2	405.3	0	$TOTAL H_L = 4 \text{ psi}$			
C	100	100	100				
diameter	6-in	8-in	16-in				
Q (GPM)	820	820	820				
h _f =	1.10	3.76	0.00				
TOTAL h _f =		4.86					

From the System Performance Curve, the pressure at a flow of 820 gpm = 55 psi (127 ft)

Starting Pressure = 55 psi
 Pressure loss due to friction and minor losses = 4 psi
Residual Pressure with a 820 gpm flow = 51 psi

this system satisfies the minimum fire flow requirements.

Fire Flow Analysis Calculations

4/13/2016

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
 Proj. Number: 113022.00
 Client: Sheryl-Mar LLC.
 Node: Hydrant #2



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Water System Data

Flow (gpm)	Pressure	
	(ft)	(psi)
0	170.9	74
839	124.7	54
1434.49	46.2	20

Static Pressure

Residual Pressure

Note: This is the calculated Q_{20} flow

MINIMUM FIRE FLOW at 20 psi

Per Chatham County/NCDEQ **500 gpm**

FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENT: 500 gpm
 DOMESTIC FLOW REQUIREMENT: 200 gpm approximately 15 gpm (75% of meter capacity) per lot
 IRRIGATION FLOW REQUIREMENT: 120 gpm 40 gpm/meter (assuming 3 lots in use at a time)

TOTAL FLOW FOR CALCULATIONS: 820 gpm

Head Losses in Pipe

Static Headloss

Static Head = Δ Elevation

Elevation of Pipe @ Flow Test Node (Ground Elev minus 3 ft) = 547 ft NGVD
 Nozzle Elevation @ New Fire Hydrant = 549 ft NGVD

Static Head (h_s) = 2 ft

Minor Losses (Equivalent Lengths)

PIPE SIZE 6-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	15	0	0
45° Elbow, flanged	4.5	0	0
Tee-through, flanged	3.1	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	2.6	2	5.2
SUM =			5

PIPE SIZE 16-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	39	0	0
45° Elbow, flanged	13	0	0
Tee-through, flanged	6.5	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	3	0	0
SUM =			0

PIPE SIZE 8-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	20	1	20
45° Elbow, flanged	6.3	4	25.2
Tee-through, flanged	3.9	1	3.9
Gate Valve, flanged	2.7	2	5.4
SUM =			54.5

Fire Flow Analysis Calculations

4/13/2016

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
 Proj. Number: 113022.00
 Client: Sheryl-Mar LLC.
 Node: Hydrant #2



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Friction Loss				Total Headloss			
Hazen-Williams Formula		$h_f = L * \frac{(4.73 * Q_{gpm}^{1.85})}{(C^{1.85} * d^{4.87})}$					
PIPE SIZE	6-in	8-in	16-in	$H_{L(foot)} = h_s + h_f =$			
Pipe Length	24	800 ft	0	2.00 + 9.03			
Equiv Length	5	54.5	0	$H_{L(foot)} =$			
total	29.2	854.5	0	11 ft			
C	100	100	100	$H_{L(psi)} = h_{L(foot)} / (144 \text{ sq inches/SF}) * (62.4 \text{ lb/ft})$			
diameter	6-in	8-in	16-in	$H_{L(psi)} =$			
Q (GPM)	820	820	820	11 / (144 si/SF) * (62.4 lb/ft)			
h _f =	1.10	7.93	0.00	TOTAL H_L =			
TOTAL h_f =		9.03		5 psi			

From the System Performance Curve, the pressure at a flow of 820 gpm = **55 psi** (127 ft)

Starting Pressure = 55 psi
 Pressure loss due to friction and minor losses = 5 psi
Residual Pressure with a 820 gpm flow = 50 psi

this system satisfies the minimum fire flow requirements.

Fire Flow Analysis Calculations

4/13/2016

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
 Proj. Number: 113022.00
 Client: Sheryl-Mar LLC.
 Node: Hydrant #3



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Water System Data

Flow (gpm)	Pressure	
	(ft)	(psi)
0	170.9	74
839	124.7	54
1434.49	46.2	20

Static Pressure

Residual Pressure

Note: This is the calculated Q_{20} flow

MINIMUM FIRE FLOW at 20 psi

Per Chatham County/NCDEQ **500 gpm**

FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENT: 500 gpm
 DOMESTIC FLOW REQUIREMENT: 200 gpm approximately 15 gpm (75% of meter capacity) per lot
 IRRIGATION FLOW REQUIREMENT: 120 gpm 40 gpm/meter (assuming 3 lots in use at a time)

TOTAL FLOW FOR CALCULATIONS: 820 gpm

Head Losses in Pipe

Static Headloss

Static Head = Δ Elevation

Elevation of Pipe @ Flow Test Node (Ground Elev minus 3 ft) = 547 ft NGVD
 Nozzle Elevation @ New Fire Hydrant = 539 ft NGVD

Static Head (h_s) = -8 ft

Minor Losses (Equivalent Lengths)

PIPE SIZE 6-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	15	0	0
45° Elbow, flanged	4.5	0	0
Tee-through, flanged	3.1	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	2.6	2	5.2
SUM =			5

PIPE SIZE 16-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	39	0	0
45° Elbow, flanged	13	0	0
Tee-through, flanged	6.5	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	3	0	0
SUM =			0

PIPE SIZE 8-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	20	1	20
45° Elbow, flanged	6.3	6	37.8
Tee-through, flanged	3.9	2	7.8
Gate Valve, flanged	2.7	3	8.1
SUM =			73.7

Fire Flow Analysis Calculations

4/13/2016

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
 Proj. Number: 113022.00
 Client: Sheryl-Mar LLC.
 Node: Hydrant #3



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Friction Loss				Total Headloss	
Hazen-Williams Formula		$h_f = L * \frac{(4.73 * Q_{gpm}^{1.85})}{(C^{1.85} * d^{4.87})}$			
PIPE SIZE	6-in	8-in	16-in	$H_{L(foot)} = h_s + h_f =$	
Pipe Length	24	1150 ft	0	(8.00) + 12.45	
Equiv Length	5	73.7	0	$H_{L(foot)} =$	
total	29.2	1223.7	0	4 ft	
C	100	100	100	$H_{L(psi)} = h_{L(foot)} / (144 \text{ sq inches/SF}) * (62.4 \text{ lb/ft})$	
diameter	6-in	8-in	16-in	$H_{L(psi)} =$	
Q (GPM)	820	820	820	4 / (144 si/SF) * (62.4 lb/ft)	
$h_f =$	1.10	11.35	0.00	TOTAL $H_L =$	
TOTAL $h_f =$ 12.45				2 psi	

From the System Performance Curve, the pressure at a flow of 820 gpm = 55 psi (127 ft)

Starting Pressure = 55 psi
 Pressure loss due to friction and minor losses = 2 psi
Residual Pressure with a 820 gpm flow = 53 psi

this system satisfies the minimum fire flow requirements.

Fire Flow Analysis Calculations

4/13/2016

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
 Proj. Number: 113022.00
 Client: Sheryl-Mar LLC.
 Node: Hydrant #3



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Water System Data

Flow (gpm)	Pressure	
	(ft)	(psi)
0	170.9	74
839	124.7	54
1434.49	46.2	20

Static Pressure

Residual Pressure

Note: This is the calculated Q_{20} flow

MINIMUM FIRE FLOW at 20 psi

Per Chatham County/NCDEQ **500 gpm**

FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENT: 500 gpm
 DOMESTIC FLOW REQUIREMENT: 200 gpm approximately 15 gpm (75% of meter capacity) per lot
 IRRIGATION FLOW REQUIREMENT: 120 gpm 40 gpm/meter (assuming 3 lots in use at a time)

TOTAL FLOW FOR CALCULATIONS: 820 gpm

Head Losses in Pipe

Static Headloss

Static Head = Δ Elevation

Elevation of Pipe @ Flow Test Node (Ground Elev minus 3 ft) = 547 ft NGVD

Nozzle Elevation @ New Fire Hydrant = 535 ft NGVD

Static Head (h_s) = -12 ft

Minor Losses (Equivalent Lengths)

PIPE SIZE 6-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	15	0	0
45° Elbow, flanged	4.5	0	0
Tee-through, flanged	3.1	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	2.6	2	5.2
SUM =			5

PIPE SIZE 16-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	39	0	0
45° Elbow, flanged	13	0	0
Tee-through, flanged	6.5	0	0
Gate Valve, flanged	3	0	0
SUM =			0

PIPE SIZE 8-in

Fitting Type	Eq Len	Qty	Total
Tee-branch, flanged	20	1	20
45° Elbow, flanged	6.3	8	50.4
Tee-through, flanged	3.9	3	11.7
Gate Valve, flanged	2.7	4	10.8
SUM =			92.9

Fire Flow Analysis Calculations

4/13/2016

Project: Brookside at Fieldstone
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 Node: Hydrant #3



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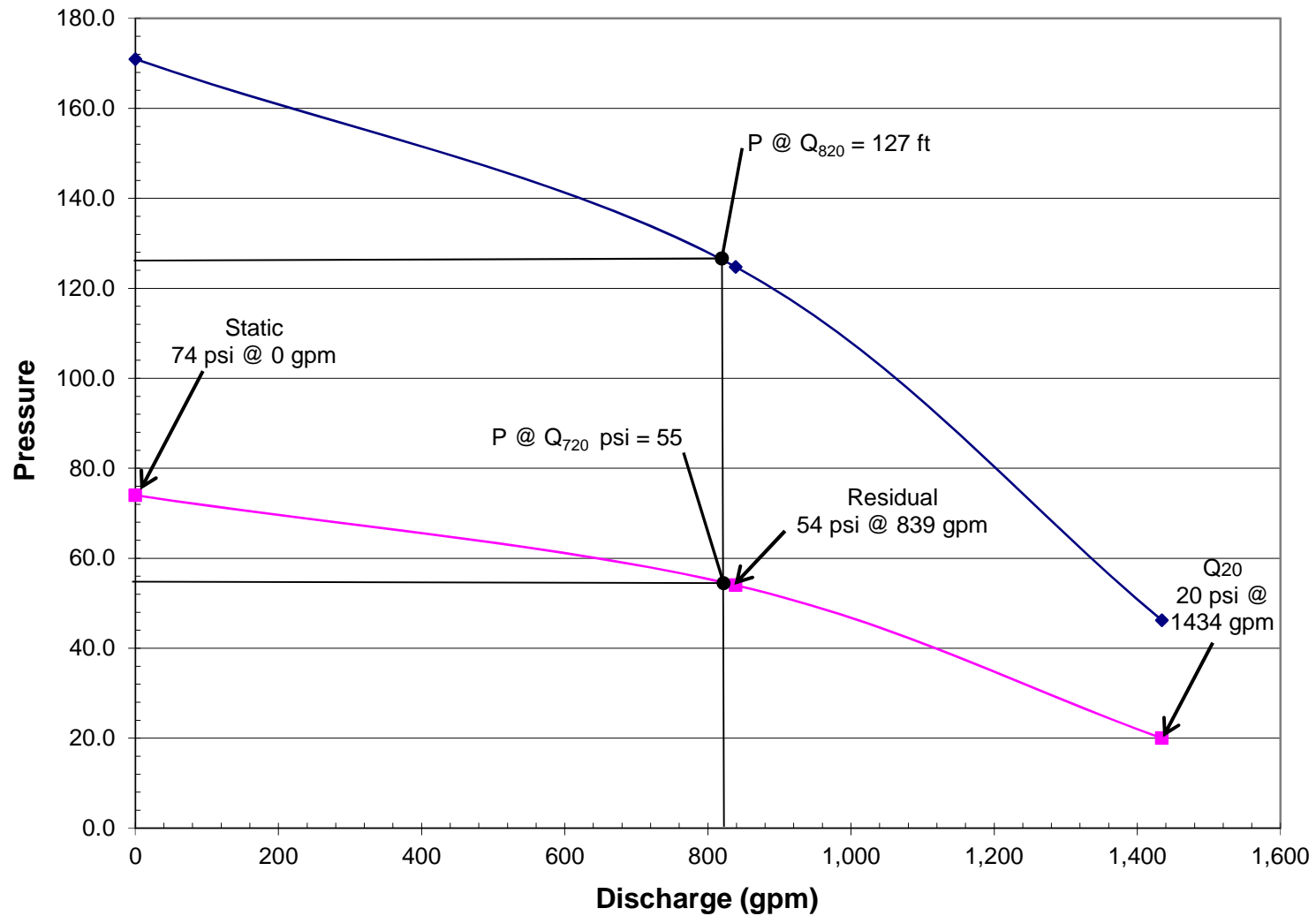
Friction Loss				Total Headloss	
Hazen-Williams Formula $h_f = L * \frac{(4.73 * Q_{gpm}^{1.85})}{(C^{1.85} * d^{4.87})}$					
PIPE SIZE	6-in	8-in	16-in	$H_{L(feet)} = h_s + h_f =$	
Pipe Length	24	1600 ft	0	(12.00) + 16.80	
Equiv Length	5	92.9	0	$H_{L(feet)} =$	
total	29.2	1692.9	0	5 ft	
C	100	100	100	$H_{L(psi)} = h_{L(feet)} / (144 \text{ sq inches/SF}) * (62.4 \text{ lb/ft})$	
diameter	6-in	8-in	16-in	$H_{L(psi)} =$	
Q (GPM)	820	820	820	5 / (144 si/SF) * (62.4 lb/ft)	
$h_f =$	1.10	15.70	0.00	TOTAL $H_L =$	
TOTAL $h_f = 16.80$				2 psi	

From the System Performance Curve, the pressure at a flow of 820 gpm = 55 psi (127 ft)

Starting Pressure = 55 psi
 Pressure loss due to friction and minor losses = 2 psi
Residual Pressure with a 820 gpm flow = 53 psi

this system satisfies the minimum fire flow requirements.

System Performance Curve



**Equivalent Length of STEEL Straight Pipe for Various Fittings
in feet, turbulent flow only**

FITTINGS	Pipe Size, Inches													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24
90° Elbow, screwed	5.2	8.5	11	13										
90° Elbow, flanged	1.6	3.1	4.4	5.9	7.3	8.9	12	14	17	18	21	23	25	30
45° Elbow, screwed	1.3	2.7	4.0	5.5										
45° Elbow, flanged	0.8	1.7	2.6	3.5	4.5	5.6	7.7	9	11	13	15	16	18	22
Tee-branch, screwed	6.6	12.0	17.0	21.0										
Tee-branch, flanged	3.3	6.6	9.4	12	15	18	24	30	34	37	43	47	52	62
Tee-through, screwed	3.2	7.7	12	17										
Tee-through, flanged	1.0	1.8	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.8	4.7	5.2	6.0	6.4	7.2	7.6	8.2	9.6
Coupling, screwed	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.7										
Globe Valve, screwed	29	54	79	110										
Globe Valve, flanged	45	70	94	120	150	190	260	310	390					
Swing Check Valve, screwed	11	19	27	38										
Swing Check Valve, flanged	7.2	17	27	38	50	63	90	120	140					
Gate Valve, screwed	0.8	1.5	1.9	2.5										
Gate Valve, flanged		2.6	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
Bell Inlet, Steel	0.2	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.6	2.3	2.9	3.5	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.1	7.6
Square Inlet, Steel	1.3	3.1	6.7	9.5	13	16	23	29	35	40	47	53	61	76
Re-entrant, Steel	3.6	8.5	13	19	25	32	45	58	70	80	95	110	120	150

Civil Engineering Reference Manual, 8th Edition, 2001

Appendix 17.D

**Equivalent Length of CAST IRON Straight Pipe for Various Fittings
in feet, turbulent flow only**

FITTINGS	Pipe Size, Inches													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24
90° Elbow, screwed			9	11										
90° Elbow, flanged			3.6	4.8		7.2	10	12	15	17	19	22	24	28
45° Elbow, screwed			3.3	4.5										
45° Elbow, flanged			2.1	2.9		4.5	6.3	8	10	12	13	15	17	20
Tee-branch, screwed			14	17										
Tee-branch, flanged			7.7	10		15	20	25	30	35	39	44	49	57
Tee-through, screwed			10	14										
Tee-through, flanged			1.9	2.2		3.1	3.9	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.5	7.2	7.7	8.8
Coupling, screwed			0.44	0.52										
Globe Valve, screwed			65	86										
Globe Valve, flanged			77	99		150	210	270	330					
Swing Check Valve, screwed			22	31										
Swing Check Valve, flanged			22	31		52	74	98	120					
Gate Valve, screwed			1.6	2.0										
Gate Valve, flanged	0.0		2.3	2.4		2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Bell Inlet, Steel	2.0		0.55	0.77		1.3	1.9	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.3	5.0	5.7	7.0
Square Inlet, Steel			5.5	7.7		13	19	24	30	36	43	50	57	70
Re-entrant, Steel			11	15		26	37	49	61	73	86	100	110	140

Civil Engineering Reference Manual, 8th Edition, 2001

Appendix 17.D

**Equivalent Length of PVC Straight Pipe for Various Fittings
in feet, turbulent flow only**

FITTINGS	Pipe Size, Inches													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24
90° Elbow	2.6	5.2	7.7	10.1	12.6	15.2	20.0	25.1	29.8	32.8	37.5	42.2	47.0	56.6
45° Elbow	1.4	2.8	4.1	5.4	6.7	8.1	10.6	13.4	15.9	17.5	20.0	22.5	25.1	30.2
Tee-branch flow	5.3	10.3	15.3	20.1	25.2	30.3	39.9	50.1	59.7	65.6	75.0	84.4	94.1	113.0
Tee-through flow	1.8	3.5	5.1	6.7	8.4	10.1	13.3	16.7	19.9	21.8	25.0	28.1	31.4	37.7
Globe Valve, full open	29.7	58.6	86.9	114	143	172	226	284	338	372	425	478	533	641
Swing Check Valve, full open	8.7	17.2	25.5	33.6	42.1	50.5	66.3	81.8	97.7	108.5	125.0	140.3	156.4	188.0
Gate Valve, full open	0.7	1.4	2.0	2.7	3.4	4.0	5.3	6.7	8.0	8.8	10.0	11.2	12.5	15.1

Handbook of PVC Pipe, 4th Edition, 2001

Table 9.1