

Soil & Environmental Consultants, PA

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March 30, 2004 Project # 8592. S1

Collett and Associates Attention: Bill Mitchener 1228 East Morehead Street Suite 200 Charlotte, N.C. 28204 FILE

Re: Soil/Site Evaluation on the Walter's Property, a 3.5 acre tract at the intersection of US 15-501 and Mann's Chapel Road, Chatham county, N.C., for a proposed Eckerds Drug Store.

Dear Mr. Mitchener:

Soil & Environmental Consultants, PA (S&EC) performed a preliminary soil and site evaluation on the above referenced tract. This was performed at your request as part of the preliminary planning process in order to determine areas of soil that have potential for subsurface wastewater disposal. Fieldwork was performed on March 29, 2004.

S&EC traversed the property and observed landforms (slope, drainage patterns, past use, etc.) as well as soil conditions (depth, texture, structure, seasonal wetness, restrictive horizons, etc.) through the use of hand auger borings. The site was evaluated during moist soil conditions. From these observations, an evaluation of the site, relative to subsurface disposal of wastewater, was developed. Soil areas were estimated in the field. The soil/site evaluation criteria used is that contained in 15 A NCAC 18A .1900 "Laws and Rules for Sewage Treatment and Disposal Systems".

FINDINGS

This site is located in the Piedmont region of Chatham County. The upland soils on this tract are similar to the Pacolet and Vance soil series. The Pacolet soil series has a sandy loam surface material over a clay subsoil. These soils are at least 24 inches deep to prohibitive soil characteristics and are generally useable for subsurface septic systems. The Vance soils have expansive mineralogy and are generally unsuitable for conventional subsurface septic systems. Refer to the attached soil/site evaluation form for additional information.

The accompanying AutoCAD map indicates the estimated areas with potential use for subsurface wastewater disposal. The hatched units indicate areas of soils which are at least 24 inches deep to prohibitive soil characteristics and these areas have potential for a low pressure pipe system (LPP) and/or ultra-shallow conventional (shallow placed lines with fill required over the disposal field) system. Unit "UN" on the attached map indicates areas of soils that are less than 24 inches to prohibitive soil characteristics and are generally unsuitable for the type of systems mentioned above. However, they may be suitable for more expensive alternative septic systems, i.e. pretreatment drip, etc. Such systems are expensive and, if requested, S&EC can provide additional information concerning these types of systems.

A septic system layout was done to determine if adequate space exists for the proposed Eckerds facility which will employ 15 people. The layout information is attached for a ultra-shallow pressure manifold system and repair.

Charlotte Office: 236 LePhillip Court, Suite C Concord, NC 28025 Phone: (704) 720-9405

(704) 720-9406

Greensboro Office: 3817-E Lawndale Drive Greensboro, NC 27455 Phone: (336) 540-8234 Fax: (336) 540-8235 Hickory Office: 622 Coon Mountain Lane Taylorsville, NC 28681 Phone: (828) 635-5820 Fax: (828) 635-5820 The site plan for this lot must ensure that adequate soil area for system and repair is unaffected by site elements (building placement, driveway, wells, parking lot, etc.) on that or adjacent lots. The area ultimately designated by the health department on the site plan for the septic system and repair must remain undisturbed (no mechanical clearing, excavation, heavy traffic or other significant site disturbing activities) until authorized by the health department. A lot with initially adequate useable soil area may be rendered unusable as a result of improper site planning and/or disturbance.

It is important to note that any preliminary certification that a subdivision plan meets does not represent approval or a permit for any site work, nor does it guarantee issuance of an improvement permit for any lot. Final site approval for issuance of improvements is based on regulations in force at the time of permitting and is dependent on satisfactory completion of individual site evaluations following application for an improvement permit detailing a specific use and sitting.

GENERAL WASTEWATER CONSIDERATIONS

Once potentially useable areas are located through vertical borings, the next consideration is the horizontal extent of those areas. The size and configuration of the useable soil area dictate the utility of that area. The size of a subsurface disposal field is determined by: 1) the design flow from the source (15 gallons/full time employee/day), and 2) the long term acceptance rate (LTAR) of the soil (based on the hydraulic conductivity of the soil, a function of the soil's texture, mineralogy, structure, porosity, etc.). The configuration must be such that an efficient layout of disposal lines (on contour) is possible. An additional consideration is the required setbacks for the system from various elements such as wells (100'), streams and ponds (50') or more (depending on watershed regulations), property lines (10'), top of embankment (15'), watershed buffers, etc. (see Attachment 1).

The utility of a potential useable soil area for a subsurface system is most accurately determined by an on-ground layout of the proposed system. The total area needed for system and repair areas will depend upon the system type, the layout of that system and the total design flow (factors mentioned above). A typical area needed for a 15 employee business is approximately 5,000 to 10,000 ft² (could be more depending on site features) or 832 linear feet of ultra-shallow conventional line (system and repair) or 1500 linear feet of LPP line (system and repair). These estimates reference Laws and Rules for Sewage Treatment and Disposal Systems for North Carolina and use a LTAR of 0.30 gpd/ft² for ultra-shallow conventional septic systems (.1956) and 0.10 gpd/ft² for LPP septic systems (.1957a). The health department will determine the ultimate LTAR after their lot evaluation. S&EC will be glad to assist in any system layout or sizing calculations, if requested.

This report discusses the general location of potentially useable soils for on-site subsurface wastewater disposal and, of course, does not constitute or imply any approval or permit as needed by the client from the local heath department. S&EC is a professional consulting firm that specializes in the delineation of soil areas for wastewater disposal and the layout and design of wastewater treatment systems. As a professional consulting firm, S&EC is hired for its professional opinion in these matters. The rules governing wastewater treatment (interpreted and governed by local and state agencies) are evolving constantly, and in many cases, affected by the opinions of individuals employed by these governing agencies. Because of this, S&EC cannot guarantee that areas delineated and/or systems designed will be permitted by the governing agencies. As always, S&EC recommends that anyone making financial commitments on a tract be fully aware of individual permit requirements on that tract prior to final action.

An individual septic system permit will be required prior to obtaining a building permit. This will involve a detailed evaluation by the local health department to confirm our determination. Only after developing this information can a final determination be made concerning specifics of system design and site utilization.

Soil & Environmental Consultants, PA is pleased to be of service in this matter and we look forward to assisting in any site analysis needs you may have in the future. Please feel free to call with any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Will Buetow

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Soil Scientist In Training

Encl: Attachment 1

Soil/Site Evaluation Form Soil Suitability Map

Septic System Layout Information

Ricky Pontello

NC Licensed Soil Scientist

Attachment 1

1950 Location of Sanitary Sewage Systems

(c) Every sanitary sewage treatment and disposal system shall be located at least the minimum horizontal distance from the following:

(1)	any private water supply source including a well or spring.	100 feet
(2)	any public water supply source	100 feet
(3)	streams classified as WS-I	100 feet
(4)	water classified as S.A.	100 feet from mean high water mark
(5)	Other coastal waters	50 feet from mean high water mark
(6)	any other stream, canal, marsh, or other surface waters	50 feet
(7)	any Class I or Class II reservoir	100 feet from normal pool elevation
(8)	any permanent storm water retention pond	50 feet from flood pool elevation
(9)	any other lake or pond	50 feet from normal pool elevation
(10)	any building foundation	5 feet
(11)	any basement	15 feet
(12)	any property line	10 feet
(13)	top of slope of embankments or cuts of 2 feet or more vertical height	15 feet
(14)	any water line	10 feet
(15)	drainage systems: (A) Interceptor drains, foundation drains and storm water diversions	
	(i) upslope	10 feet
	(ii) sideslope	15 feet
	(iii) downslope	25 feet
	(B) Groundwater lowering ditched and devices	25 feet
(16)	any swimming pool	15 feet
(17)	any other nitrification field (except repair area)	20 feet

- (b) Ground absorption, sewage treatment and disposal systems may be located closer than 100 feet from a private well supply, except springs and uncased wells located downslope and used as a source of drinking water, repairs, space limitations and other site-planning considerations but shall be located the maximum feasible distance and, in no case, less than 50 feet.
- (c) Nitrification fields and repair areas shall not be located under paved areas or areas subject to vehicular traffic. If effluent is to be conveyed under areas subject to vehicular traffic, ductile iron or its equivalent pipe shall be used. However, pipe specified in Rule .1955 (e) may be used if a minimum of 30 inches of compacted cover is provided over the pipe.

Note: Systems over 3000 GPD or an individual nitrification fields with a capacity of 1500 GPD or more have more restrictive setback requirements, see .1950 (a) (17) (d) for specifics.

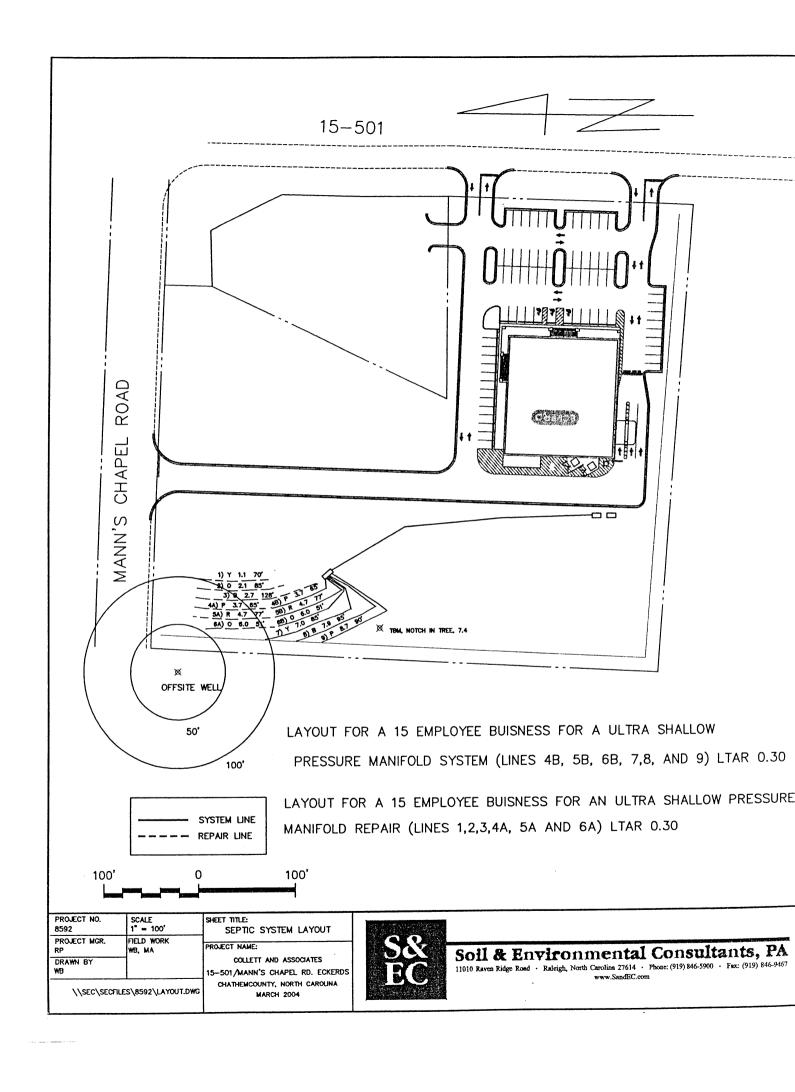
Soil/Site Evaluation for On-Site Wastewater Systems

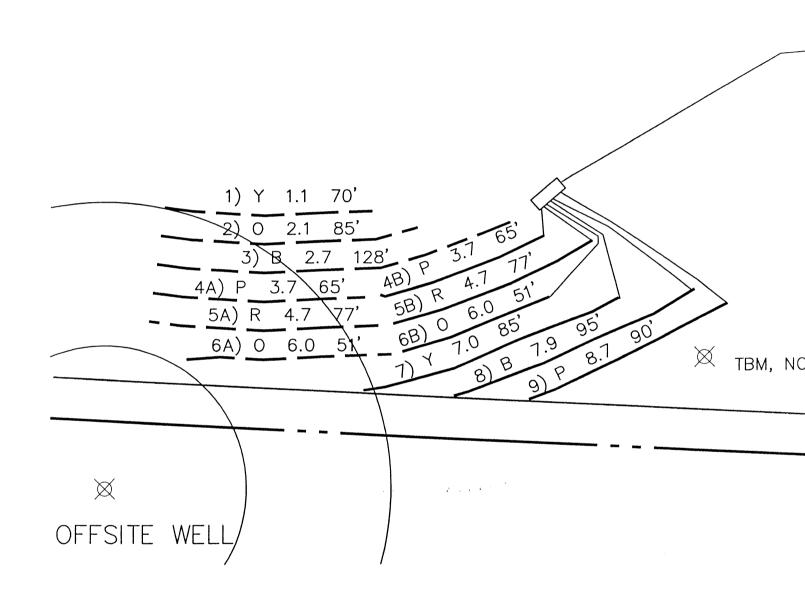
				Job #	_8592. S1	_
Date Evalua	ted:3/29/04	Evalu	ated by:	WB, MA		
Water Suppl	l <u>y</u> : On-Site Well C	omm. Well	Municipal V	Water Supply		
Evaluation N	Method: Auger					
.1940 Slope:	15 to 30%(PS)					
	Group IV (PS): sandy clay Structure: Block Like (PS)	silty clay	clay			
(3)	Clay Mineralogy: Slig	htly Expansive (PS	S)			
	Soil Wetness (Depth to 2 chrom <36" (U)24"	a colors due to wet	t <u>ness</u>):			
.1943	Soil Depth (to saprolite, rock or <36" (U)24"	parent material):				
	Restrictive Horizons (3" thick o	r more):				
	Available Space (complete only System and repair available?	if a layout has bee Yes	n done):			
.1947	Overall Site Suitability:	PS				

.1956	or .1957 1)	
	2)	Drainage and Restrictive Horizons (PS) Describe:
	3)	Gravelless Trenches (PS) Describe:
	4)	Interceptor Drains (PS) Describe:
	5)	Steep Slopes (PS) Describe:
	6)	Saprolite (PS) Describe:
<u>.1957</u> :		LPP System (PS) Describe:
	(b)]	Fill System (PS) Describe:
	` '	ATU (PS) Describe:
<u>.1969</u> :		tive System (PS) be:
	Recom	or gpd/ft² trench bottom gpd/ft² areal

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MANNS CHAPEL/ 15-501 ECKERDS

JOB#:

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LAYOUT FOR 15 EMPLOYEE BUISNESS

March-04

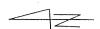
	FLAG					
LINE#	COLOR	<u>BS</u>	$\mathbf{\underline{HI}}$	<u>FS</u>	ELEVATION	LINE LENGTH
TBM		7.4			100.0	
INSTR. 1			107.4			
1	YELLOW			1.10	106.3	70
2	ORANGE			2.10	105.3	85
3	BLUE			2.70	104.7	128
4A	PINK			3.70	103.7	65
4B*	PINK			3.70	103.7	65
5A	RED			4.70	102.7	77
5B*	RED			4.70	102.7	77
6A	ORANGE			6.00	101.4	51
6B*	ORANGE			6.00	101.4	51
7 *	YELLOW			7.00	100.4	85
8*	BLUE			7.90	99.5	95
9*	PINK			8.70	98. 7	90
					Total	939

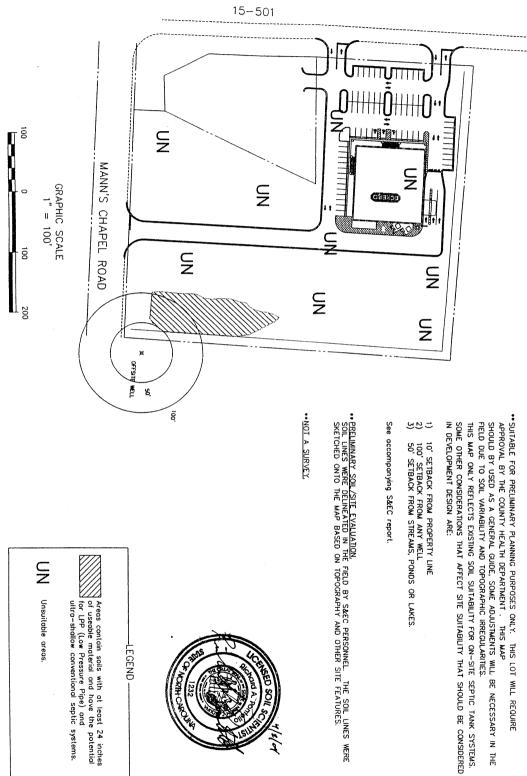
				PROPOSED		
	LINE	LTAR	SYSTEM	LTAR	TRENCH	
	LENGTH	GPD/FT ²	TYPE	GPD/FT ²	TYPE	DISTRIBUTION
* System	463'	0.30		0.27	GRAVEL	PRESSURE
						MANIFOLD
REPAIR	475'	0.30		0.26	GRAVEL	PRESSURE
						MANIFOLD

Notes:

- ** TBM located on top of notch in tree
- **TBM is assumed to be 100'
- **All measures in feet
- **Nitrification lines are demonstrated on contour via colored pin flags
- ** Building and driveway location illustrated on the attached map
- **BS and FS indicate rod readings
- **Lines flagged in field may be longer than lengths shown.

Install at lengths shown on this sheet.





**SUITABLE FOR PRELIMINARY PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THIS LOT WILL REQUIRE APPROVAL BY THE COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT. THIS MAP SHOULD BY USED AS A GENERAL GUIDE, SOME ADJUSTMENTS WILL BE NECESSARY IN THE FIELD DUE TO SOIL VARIABILITY AND TOPOGRAPHIC IRREGULARITIES. THIS MAP ONLY REFLECTS EXISTING SOIL SUITABILITY FOR ON-SITE SEPTIC TANK SYSTEMS.

10' SETBACK FROM PROPERTY LINE 100' SETBACK FROM ANY WELL 50' SETBACK FROM STREAMS, PONDS OR LAKES.

See accompanying S&EC report

Areas contain sails with at least 24 inches of useable material and have the potential for LPP (Low Pressure Pipe) and ultra-shallow conventional septic systems. \subseteq Unsuitable areas.

PRELIMINARY SOILS EVALUATION 읶

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LEGEND

COLLETT AND ASSOC MANN'S CHAPEL RD./15-501 CHATHAM COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA



Soil & Environmental Consultants, PA

DR A WN I" = 100'
FILE
\\SEC\SECFILES\
SOIL\ FIELD WORK 8592 PROJECT MGR.

MARCH 30, 2004